

# Technical Information Report

AAMI TIR12:2010

**Designing, testing, and labeling  
reusable medical devices for  
reprocessing in health care  
facilities: A guide for medical  
device manufacturers**

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Association for the Advancement  
of Medical Instrumentation



# **Designing, testing, and labeling reusable medical devices for reprocessing in health care facilities: A guide for medical device manufacturers**

Approved 7 September 2010

**Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation**

**Abstract:** This technical information report (TIR) covers design considerations that medical device manufacturers should take into account to help ensure that their products can be safely and effectively reprocessed. It also provides information on decontamination, cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization processes commonly used in health care facilities so that manufacturers can validate reprocessing procedures that can be recommended to and performed adequately in health care facilities. Labeling recommendations and information on applicable regulations are also provided in the TIR, as well as a bibliography and other informative annexes.

**Keywords:** cleaning, decontamination, disinfection, instructions for use, medical device design, sterilization

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## Glossary of equivalent standards

International Standards adopted in the United States may include normative references to other International Standards. For each International Standard that has been adopted by AAMI (and ANSI), the table below gives the corresponding U.S. designation and level of equivalency to the International Standard. NOTE: Documents are sorted by international designation. The code in the US column, "(R)20xx" indicates the year the document was officially reaffirmed by AAMI. E.g., ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-4:2002/(R)2009 indicates that 10993-4, originally approved and published in 2002, was reaffirmed without change in 2009.

Other normatively referenced International Standards may be under consideration for U.S. adoption by AAMI; therefore, this list should not be considered exhaustive.

International designation	U.S. designation	Equivalency
IEC 60601-1:2005 Technical Corrigendum 1 and 2	ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005 and ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/A2:2010 ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/C1:2009 (amdt)	Major technical variations C1 Identical to Corrigendum 1 & 2
IEC 60601-1-2:2007	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-1-2:2007	Identical
IEC 60601-2-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-2:2009	Identical
IEC 60601-2-4:2002	ANSI/AAMI DF80:2003/(R)2010	Major technical variations
IEC 60601-2-19:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-19:2009	Identical
IEC 60601-2-20:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-20:2009	Identical
IEC 60601-2-21:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-21:2009	Identical
IEC 60601-2-24:1998	ANSI/AAMI ID26:2004/(R)2009	Major technical variations
IEC 60601-2-47:2001	ANSI/AAMI EC38:2007	Major technical variations
IEC 60601-2-50:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-2-50:2009	Identical
IEC 80001-1:2010	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80001-1:2010	Identical
IEC 80601-2-30:2009 and Technical Corrigendum 1	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80601-2-30:2009 and ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80601-2-30:2009/ C1:2009 (amdt) – consolidated text	Identical (with inclusion) C1 Identical to Corrigendum 1
IEC 80601-2-58:2008	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 80601-2-58:2008	Identical
IEC/TR 60878:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR60878:2003	Identical
IEC/TR 62296:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR62296:2009	Identical
IEC 62304:2006	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 62304:2006	Identical
IEC/TR 62348:2006	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR62348:2006	Identical
IEC/TR 62354:2009	ANSI/AAMI/IEC TIR62354:2009	Identical
IEC 62366:2007	ANSI/AAMI/IEC 62377:2007	Identical
IEC/TR 80002-1:2009	ANSI/IEC/TR 80002-1:2009	Identical
ISO 5840:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 5840:2005/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 7198:1998	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 7198:1998/2001/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 7199:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 7199:2009	Identical
ISO 8637:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 8637:2010	Identical
ISO 8638:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 8638:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-1:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-1:2009	Identical
ISO 10993-2:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-2:2006	Identical
ISO 10993-3:2003	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-3:2003/(R)2009	Identical
ISO 10993-4:2002 and Amendment 1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-4:2002/(R)2009 and Amendment 1:2006/(R)2009	Identical
ISO 10993-5:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-5:2009	Identical
ISO 10993-6:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-6:2007	Identical
ISO 10993-7:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-7:2008	Identical
ISO 10993-9:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-9:2009	Identical
ISO 10993-10:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-10:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-11:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-11:2006	Identical
ISO 10993-12:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-12:2007	Identical
ISO 10993-13:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-13:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-14:2001	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-14:2001/(R)2006	Identical
ISO 10993-15:2000	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-15:2000/(R)2006	Identical
ISO 10993-16:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-16:2010	Identical
ISO 10993-17:2002	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 10993-17:2002/(R)2008	Identical
ISO 10993-18:2005	ANSI/AAMI BE83:2006	Major technical variations
ISO/TS 10993-19:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR10993-19:2006	Identical

<b>International designation</b>	<b>U.S. designation</b>	<b>Equivalency</b>
ISO/TS 10993-20:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR10993-20:2006	Identical
ISO 11135-1:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11135-1:2007	Identical
ISO/TS 11135-2:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR11135-2:2008	Identical
ISO 11137-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11137-2:2006 (2006-08-01 corrected version)	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-2:2006	Identical
ISO 11137-3:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-3:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-1: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-1:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-2: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-2:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-3: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-3:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-4: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-4:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11138-5: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11138-5:2006/(R)2010	Identical
ISO/TS 11139:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11139:2006	Identical
ISO 11140-1:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-1:2005/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 11140-3:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-3:2007	Identical
ISO 11140-4:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-4:2007	Identical
ISO 11140-5:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11140-5:2007	Identical
ISO 11607-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11607-1:2006	Identical
ISO 11607-2:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11607-2:2006	Identical
ISO 11737-1: 2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11737-1:2006	Identical
ISO 11737-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11737-2:2009	Identical
ISO 13408-1:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-1:2008	Identical
ISO 13408-2:2003	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-2:2003	Identical
ISO 13408-3:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-3:2006	Identical
ISO 13408-4:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-4:2005	Identical
ISO 13408-5:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-5:2006	Identical
ISO 13408-6:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13408-6:2006	Identical
ISO 13485:2003	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 13485:2003/(R)2009	Identical
ISO 14155-1:2003	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14155-1:2003/(R)2008	Identical
ISO 14155-2:2003	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14155-2:2003/(R)2008	Identical
ISO 14160:1998	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14160:1998/(R)2008	Identical
ISO 14161:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14161:2009	Identical
ISO 14708-3:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14708-3:2008	Identical
ISO 14708-4:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14708-4:2008	Identical
ISO 14708-5:2010	ANSI/AAMI /ISO 14708-5:2010	Identical
ISO 14937:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14937:2009	Identical
ISO/TR 14969:2004	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR14969:2004	Identical
ISO 14971:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 14971:2007/(R)2010	Identical
ISO 15223-1:2007 and A1:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15223-1:2007 and A1:2008	Identical
ISO 15223-2:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15223-2:2010	Identical
ISO 15225:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15225:2010	Identical
ISO 15674:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15674:2009	Identical
ISO 15675:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15675:2009	Identical
ISO 15882:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 15882:2008	Identical
ISO 15883-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI ST15883-1:2009	Major technical variations
ISO/TR 16142:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR16142:2005	Identical
ISO 17664:2004	ANSI/AAMI ST81:2004	Major technical variations
ISO 17665-1:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 17665-1:2006	Identical (with inclusions)
ISO/TS 17665-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO TIR17665-2:2009	Identical
ISO 18472:2006	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 18472:2006	Identical
ISO/TS 19218:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 19218:2005	Identical
ISO 22442-1:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 22442-1:2007	Identical
ISO 22442-2:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 22442-2:2007	Identical
ISO 22442-3:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 22442-3:2007	Identical
ISO 25539-1:2003 and A1:2005	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 25539-1:2003/(R)2009 and A1:2005/(R)2009	Identical
ISO 25539-2:2008	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 25539-2:2008	Identical
ISO 27186:2010	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 27186:2010	Identical
ISO 81060-1:2007	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 81060-1:2007	Identical
ISO 81060-2:2009	ANSI/AAMI/ISO 81060-2:2009	Identical

## Committee representation

### Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation

#### Instructions for Reusable Device Reprocessing Working Group

This technical information report (TIR) was developed by the AAMI Instructions for Reusable Device Reprocessing Working Group under the auspices of the AAMI Sterilization Standards Committee. Approval of the TIR does not necessarily mean that all working group members voted for its approval.

At the time this document was published, the **AAMI Instructions for Reusable Device Reprocessing Working Group** had the following members:

*Cochairs:* Ralph J. Basile, MBA, Healthmark Ind Co Inc.  
Nancy Chobin, RN CSPDM, Independent Expert

*Members:* Brian C. Brosdahl, PhD, Sterilucent Inc.  
Renee Camp, Ethox International Inc.  
Bradley J. Catalone, PhD, Olympus America Inc.  
Nancy Chobin, RN CSPDM, Independent Expert  
Jacqueline Daley, Independent Expert  
Anthony J. DeMarinis, BS MS CQA CQM, CR Bard  
Michele Dawn Demeo, CRCST CSPDT, Independent Expert  
Betty D. Edge, Independent Expert  
Steven J. Elliott, WuXi AppTec  
Sue Ellen Erickson, MS CNOR, Independent Expert  
Rosie Fardo, RN BSN CIC CHSP, Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center  
Susan Flynn, 3M Healthcare  
Thomas J. Frazar, Johnson & Johnson  
France Frechette, MSc, TSO3 Inc.  
Veronica Gileau, Alcon Laboratories Inc.  
Zory R. Glaser, PhD MPH CSPDM, Independent Expert  
Steve N. Goldstine, PhD, Independent Expert  
Doug F. Harbrecht, Boston Scientific Corporation  
Rachel Hill, CareFusion  
Brent Huberty, St Jude Medical Inc.  
Roland C. Kippenhan, Minntech Corporation  
Susan G. Klacik, CCSMC FCS ACE, IAHCSSM  
Stephen M. Kovach, Healthmark Ind Co Inc.  
Colleen Patricia Landers, RN, Canadian Standards Association  
Teckla A. Maresca, LPN CSPDM, Independent Expert  
Patrick J. McCormick, PhD, Bausch & Lomb Inc.  
Russell D. Mills, Zimmer Inc.  
Emily Mitzel, MS, Nelson Laboratories Inc.  
Richard T. O'Donnell, Steris Corporation  
Dave Parente, NAMSA  
Rodney D. Parker, Stryker Instruments Division  
Vana Poovala, Philips Healthcare  
Rose E. Seavey, RN MBA CNOR CRCST, Independent Expert  
Linda Slone, RN BSPA CNOR, Independent Expert  
Joan M. Spear, Aesculap Inc.  
Donald Tumminelli, SPS Medical Supply Corp  
Steven E. Turtill, FDA/CDRH  
Nora E. Wikander, RN, CSPDM, Independent Expert  
Christine H. Yunker, Abbott Laboratories

*Alternates:* Denise Adams, Aesculap Inc.  
Susanne Anderson, NAMSA  
Edward Arscott, Johnson & Johnson  
David E. Barlow, PhD, Olympus America Inc.  
Ralph J. Basile, MBA, Healthmark Ind Co Inc.  
Carlos Chavez, PhD, Abbott Laboratories  
Charles Cogdill, Boston Scientific Corporation

Kimbrell Darnell, CR Bard  
Jeff Felgar, Zimmer Inc.  
Danny Hutson, CareFusion  
Jim Kaiser, Bausch & Lomb Inc.  
Natalie Lind, IAHCSSM  
Jonathan Karl Olson, MA, Minntech Corporation  
Alpa Patel, BS, Nelson Laboratories Inc.  
Patrick Polito, Ethox International Inc.  
Gary J. Socola, SPS Medical Supply Corporation  
Julia Taylor, WuXi AppTec  
Jeff Teeter, CareFusion  
Todd A. Veverka, Steris Corporation  
Dennis L. Wildes, St Jude Medical Inc.  
Martha Young, 3M Healthcare

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NOTE—Participation by federal agency representatives in the development of this technical information report does not constitute endorsement by the federal government or any of its agencies.

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*Cochairs:* Victoria M. Hitchins, PhD  
William E. Young

*Members:* Trabue D. Bryans, WuXi AppTec Inc.  
Peter A. Burke, PhD, STERIS Corporation  
Nancy Chobin, RN, CSPDM, Saint Barnabas Health Care System, West Orange, NJ  
Charles Cogdill, Boston Scientific Corporation  
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Jacqueline Daley, Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology  
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Lisa Foster, Sterigenics International  
Joel R. Gorski, PhD, NAMSA  
Deborah A. Havlik, Hospira Worldwide Inc.  
Victoria M. Hitchins, PhD, U.S. Food and Drug Administration  
Danny Hutson, Cardinal Health  
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Susan G. Klacik, CCSMC, FCS, ACE, International Association of Healthcare Central Service Materiel Management  
Byron J. Lambert, PhD, Abbott Laboratories  
Colleen Patricia Landers, RN, Canadian Standards Association  
David Liu, Johnson & Johnson  
Lisa N. Macdonald, Becton Dickinson & Company  
Jeff Martin, Alcon Laboratories Inc.  
Patrick J. McCormick, PhD, Bausch & Lomb Inc.  
Susie D. McDonald, RN, FCSP, Winter Park Memorial Hospital, Winter Park, FL  
Nancy J. Rakiewicz, Ethox International Inc.  
Phil M. Schneider, 3M Health Care  
Michael H. Scholla, MS, PhD, DuPont Nonwovens  
Mark Seybold, Baxter Healthcare Corporation  
Andrew Sharavara, Propper Manufacturing Co. Inc.  
Mark N. Smith, Getinge USA  
William N. Thompson, Covidien  
James L. Whitby, MA, MB, FRCP, London, Ontario  
Martell Kress Winters, SM, Nelson Laboratories Inc.

*Alternates:* Lloyd Brown, Covidien  
Glenn W. Calvert, Becton Dickinson & Company  
David Dion, Cardinal Health  
Thomas J. Frazar, Johnson & Johnson  
Kathy Hoffman, Sterigenics International  
Jim Kaiser, Bausch & Lomb Inc.  
Joseph J. Lasich, Alcon Research Ltd.

Chiu S. Lin, PhD, U.S. Food and Drug Administration  
Natalie Lind, International Association of Healthcare Central Service Materiel Management  
Ralph Makinen, Boston Scientific Corporation  
Mary S. Mayo, CR Bard  
David Ford McGoldrick, Abbott Laboratories  
Jerry R. Nelson, MS, PhD, Nelson Laboratories Inc.  
Karen Polkinghorne, DuPont Nonwovens  
Janet M. Prust, 3M Health Care  
Michael Sadowski, Baxter Healthcare Corporation  
John R. Scoville, Jr., STERIS Corporation  
Ralph Stick, WuXi AppTec Inc.  
Jason Voisinet, Ethox International Inc.  
Valerie Welter, Hospira Worldwide Inc.  
William E. Young, Boston Scientific Corporation

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NOTE—Participation by federal agency representatives in the development of this technical information report does not constitute endorsement by the federal government or any of its agencies.

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## Foreword

This AAMI Technical Information Report (TIR) was developed by the AAMI Instructions for Device Reprocessing Working Group under the auspices of the AAMI Sterilization Standards Committee.

The first edition of this TIR was published in 1994 and a second edition in 2004. The current edition, the third, provides up-to-date information on cleaning processes, cleaning verification, and currently available sterilization technologies. Also, the text and reference material have been generally updated for currency.

As used within the context of this document, “should” indicates that among several possibilities one is recommended as particularly suitable without mentioning or excluding others, or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required, or that (in the negative form) a certain possibility or course of action should be avoided but not prohibited. “May” is used to indicate that a course of action is permissible within the limits of the TIR. “Can” is used as a statement of possibility and capability. “Must” is used only to describe “unavoidable” situations, including those mandated by government regulations. See also the NOTE on Page 1.

Suggestions for improving this TIR are invited. Comments and suggested revisions should be sent to Technical Programs, AAMI, 4301 N. Fairfax Dr., Suite 301, Arlington, VA 22203-1633.

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NOTE—This foreword does not contain provisions of AAMI TIR12:2010, *Designing, testing and labeling reusable medical devices for reprocessing in health care facilities: A guide for medical device manufacturers*, but it does provide important information about the development and intended use of the document.

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# Designing, testing, and labeling reusable medical devices for reprocessing in health care facilities: A guide for device manufacturers

## Introduction

Scientific advances in diagnostic and therapeutic medicine have led to the development of new and sophisticated reusable medical devices and instruments for use by health care professionals. These devices vary in size, complexity, fragility, and immersibility, as well as in sensitivity to cleaning, disinfecting, and sterilizing agents and processes used. Manufacturers of reusable medical devices have the responsibility to support product label claims of reusability by providing complete and comprehensive written instructions for the handling, cleaning, disinfection, testing, packaging, sterilization, and, if applicable, aeration of their products. Manufacturers also have the responsibility to conduct and document any testing necessary to validate the suitability of these instructions. Manufacturers have these obligations under U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) labeling regulations (21 CFR 801). Detailed FDA recommendations are provided in the FDA guidance document, *Labeling reusable medical devices for reprocessing in health care facilities: FDA reviewer guidance* (FDA, 1996).

Health care personnel have the responsibility to obtain and review manufacturers' data and recommendations and to ensure that they have the necessary resources to follow manufacturers' instructions thoroughly.

This TIR is intended to assist medical device manufacturers in the design, testing, and labeling of devices intended for reuse and reprocessing in health care facilities. Device manufacturers might wish to reassess the labeling of existing products in light of the recommendations of this TIR.

In addition, this TIR can serve as a resource for identifying the questions health care professionals should ask manufacturers when considering a product for purchase or when devising a reprocessing protocol for a product already being used. See also ANSI/AAMI ST40, ANSI/AAMI ST41, ANSI/AAMI ST58, and ANSI/AAMI ST79.

NOTE—This technical information report is not a standard, and the material contained herein is not normative in nature. The committee has used the term "shall" in a few instances, based on their knowledge of requirements contained in relevant standards and regulatory requirements.

## 1 Scope

### 1.1 Inclusions

The scope of this TIR includes the following topics:

- a) **Design considerations:** Assurance that a device can be safely and effectively reprocessed begins with the design of the device. Section 3 of the TIR describes categories of medical devices and the materials and other design characteristics that affect the ability of health care personnel to clean, disinfect, and/or sterilize devices adequately.
- b) **Decontamination:** A device cannot be disinfected adequately or sterilized to an adequate sterility assurance level (SAL) if it cannot be cleaned thoroughly. Section 4 addresses variables associated with cleaning and other decontamination processes used in health care facilities, as well as the minimum information that the device manufacturer should supply to health care personnel.
- c) **Disinfection:** Section 5 describes the levels of disinfection, the criteria for selecting chemical disinfectants, and the testing that device manufacturers should perform to establish the effectiveness of the disinfection processes recommended for their products.
- d) **Sterilization:** Section 6 describes the sterilization processes commonly used in health care facilities, the minimum information that device manufacturers should provide with their products, and the procedures that device manufacturers should use to qualify the sterilization parameters that they recommend for their products.