

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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**Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems –
Part 7-301: Generic interface and use of profiles for power drive systems –
Mapping of profile type 1 to network technologies**

**Entraînements électriques de puissance à vitesse variable –
Partie 7-301: Interface générique et utilisation de profils pour les entraînements
électriques de puissance – Mise en correspondance du profil de type 1 avec les
technologies de réseaux**



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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	10
INTRODUCTION.....	12
1 Scope.....	16
2 Normative references	16
3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms	17
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	17
3.2 Abbreviated terms.....	20
4 General	21
5 Mapping to CANopen.....	21
5.1 Overview.....	21
5.2 Mapping of communication objects	21
5.3 Communication parameter objects	22
5.3.1 General	22
5.3.2 Object 1000 _h : Device type.....	22
5.3.3 Object 1029 _h : Error behavior.....	23
5.3.4 Object 67FF _h : Single device type	24
5.4 Emergency message.....	24
5.5 Communication fault events	24
5.6 Sets of pre-defined PDOs	24
5.6.1 General	24
5.6.2 PDO set for generic drive device	25
5.6.3 PDO set for frequency converter.....	56
5.6.4 PDO set for servo drive	69
5.6.5 PDO set for stepper motor	85
5.7 PDO mapping attributes	102
6 Mapping to CC-Link IE Field Network	106
6.1 Overview.....	106
6.2 Device model.....	106
6.3 Mapping of communication objects	106
6.3.1 General	106
6.3.2 The detailed mapping of communication objects	106
6.3.3 FAL syntax description	107
6.3.4 FAL transfer syntax	108
6.4 Communication parameter objects	112
6.4.1 General	112
6.4.2 Object 1000 _h : Device type.....	113
6.5 Sets of pre-defined PDOs	113
6.5.1 General	113
6.5.2 PDO set for generic drive device	113
6.6 PDO mapping attributes	116
7 Mapping to EPA.....	116
7.1 Overview.....	116
7.2 Device module	116
7.2.1 Overview	116
7.2.2 Additional definition for mapping to CiA 402.....	117

7.2.3	CiA 402 mapping module	119
7.2.4	FAL management object for CiA 402 mapping	120
7.3	PDOs mapping on cyclic PDU transmission	124
7.3.1	Overview	124
7.3.2	Configuration	125
7.3.3	Procedure of sending PDOs.....	127
7.3.4	Procedure of receiving PDOs.....	127
7.4	PDOs mapping on acyclic PDU transmission.....	128
7.4.1	General	128
7.4.2	FRTRead service.....	128
7.4.3	FRTWrite service.....	129
7.4.4	FRTRead service process.....	129
7.4.5	FRTWrite service process.....	130
7.5	Alarm mechanism	130
7.5.1	Overview	130
7.5.2	EventReport service	130
7.5.3	EventReportAcknowledge service	131
7.5.4	Event object	131
7.5.5	Alarm process	132
7.5.6	Error code	132
8	Mapping to EtherCAT	132
8.1	Overview.....	132
8.2	Mapping of communication objects	133
8.3	Communication parameter objects	133
8.3.1	General	133
8.3.2	Object 1000 _h : Device type.....	133
8.4	Sets of pre-defined PDOs	134
8.5	PDO mapping attributes	134
9	Mapping to ETHERNET Powerlink	134
9.1	Overview.....	134
9.2	Mapping of communication objects	134
9.3	Communication parameter objects	134
9.3.1	General	134
9.3.2	Object 1000 _h : Device type.....	135
9.3.3	Object 67FF _h : Single device type	135
9.4	Emergency information	135
9.5	Sets of pre-defined PDOs	135
9.5.1	General	135
9.5.2	PDO set for generic drive device	135
9.5.3	PDO set for frequency converter.....	142
9.5.4	PDO set for servo drive	146
9.5.5	PDO set for stepper motor	150
9.6	PDO mapping attributes	154
	Bibliography.....	155
	Figure 1 – Structure of IEC 61800-7.....	15
	Figure 2 – Structure of EPA drive system.....	116
	Figure 3 – CiA 402 mapping structure	119

Figure 4 – Format of Type 14 PDU for FRT application	125
Table 1 – List of used data types	22
Table 2 – Additional information field for generic PDO mapping	23
Table 3 – Additional information field for type-specific PDO mapping	23
Table 4 – Value definition	23
Table 5 – Object description	23
Table 6 – Entry description	24
Table 7 – Overview on RPDO	25
Table 8 – Overview on TPDO.....	25
Table 9 – Object description of communication parameters.....	26
Table 10 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	26
Table 11 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	27
Table 12 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	27
Table 13 – Object description of communication parameters.....	28
Table 14 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	28
Table 15 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	29
Table 16 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	29
Table 17 – Object description of communication parameters.....	30
Table 18 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	30
Table 19 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	31
Table 20 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	31
Table 21 – Object description of communication parameters.....	32
Table 22 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	32
Table 23 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	33
Table 24 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	33
Table 25 – Object description of communication parameters.....	34
Table 26 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	34
Table 27 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	35
Table 28 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	35
Table 29 – Object description of communication parameters.....	36
Table 30 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	36
Table 31 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	37
Table 32 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	37
Table 33 – Object description of communication parameters.....	38
Table 34 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	38
Table 35 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	39
Table 36 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	39
Table 37 – Object description of communication parameters.....	40
Table 38 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	40
Table 39 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	41
Table 40 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	41
Table 41 – Object description of communication parameters.....	42

Table 42 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	42
Table 43 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	43
Table 44 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	43
Table 45 – Object description of communication parameters.....	44
Table 46 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	44
Table 47 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	45
Table 48 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	45
Table 49 – Object description of communication parameters.....	46
Table 50 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	46
Table 51 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	47
Table 52 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	47
Table 53 – Object description of communication parameters.....	48
Table 54 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	48
Table 55 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	49
Table 56 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	49
Table 57 – Object description of communication parameters.....	50
Table 58 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	50
Table 59 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	51
Table 60 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	51
Table 61 – Object description of communication parameters.....	52
Table 62 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	52
Table 63 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	53
Table 64 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	53
Table 65 – Object description of communication parameters.....	54
Table 66 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	54
Table 67 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	55
Table 68 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	55
Table 69 – Overview on RPDO	56
Table 70 – Overview on TPDO.....	56
Table 71 – Object description of communication parameters.....	56
Table 72 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	57
Table 73 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	57
Table 74 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	58
Table 75 – Object description of communication parameters.....	59
Table 76 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	59
Table 77 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	60
Table 78 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	60
Table 79 – Object description of communication parameters.....	61
Table 80 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	61
Table 81 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	62
Table 82 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	62
Table 83 – Object description of communication parameters.....	63
Table 84 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	63

Table 85 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	64
Table 86 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	64
Table 87 – Object description of communication parameters.....	65
Table 88 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	65
Table 89 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	66
Table 90 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	66
Table 91 – Object description of communication parameters.....	67
Table 92 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	67
Table 93 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	68
Table 94 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	68
Table 95 – Overview on RPDO	69
Table 96 – Overview on TPDO.....	69
Table 97 – Object description of communication parameters.....	69
Table 98 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	70
Table 99 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	70
Table 100 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	71
Table 101 – Object description of communication parameters.....	71
Table 102 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	72
Table 103 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	72
Table 104 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	73
Table 105 – Object description of communication parameters.....	74
Table 106 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	74
Table 107 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	75
Table 108 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	75
Table 109 – Object description of communication parameters.....	76
Table 110 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	76
Table 111 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	77
Table 112 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	77
Table 113 – Object description of communication parameters.....	78
Table 114 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	78
Table 115 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	79
Table 116 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	79
Table 117 – Object description of communication parameters.....	80
Table 118 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	80
Table 119 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	81
Table 120 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	81
Table 121 – Object description of communication parameters.....	82
Table 122 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	82
Table 123 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	83
Table 124 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	83
Table 125 – Object description of communication parameters.....	84
Table 126 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	84
Table 127 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	85

Table 128 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	85
Table 129 – Overview on RPDO	86
Table 130 – Overview on TPDO.....	86
Table 131 – Object description of communication parameters.....	86
Table 132 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	87
Table 133 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	87
Table 134 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	88
Table 135 – Object description of communication parameters.....	88
Table 136 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	89
Table 137 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	89
Table 138 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	90
Table 139 – Object description of communication parameters.....	91
Table 140 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	91
Table 141 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	92
Table 142 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	92
Table 143 – Object description of communication parameters.....	93
Table 144 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	93
Table 145 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	94
Table 146 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	94
Table 147 – Object description of communication parameters.....	95
Table 148 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	95
Table 149 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	96
Table 150 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	96
Table 151 – Object description of communication parameters.....	97
Table 152 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	97
Table 153 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	98
Table 154 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	98
Table 155 – Object description of communication parameters.....	99
Table 156 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	99
Table 157 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	100
Table 158 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	100
Table 159 – Object description of communication parameters.....	101
Table 160 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	101
Table 161 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	102
Table 162 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	102
Table 163 – PDO mapping attributes of CiA 402 objects	103
Table 164 – Object dictionary structure	106
Table 165 – FieldMotionSpecificTransient.....	109
Table 166 – command (dataType: 08 _h , dataSubType: 0002 _h).....	109
Table 167 – subCommand type for each command type	109
Table 168 – Structure of setCycleTimeRequest.....	109
Table 169 – ctCycle	110
Table 170 – syCycle	110

Table 171 – Structure of setCycleTimeResponse	111
Table 172 – Result.....	111
Table 173 – Structure of readObjectRequest.....	111
Table 174 – Structure of readObjectResponse	112
Table 175 – Structure of writeObjectRequest	112
Table 176 – Structure of writeObjectResponse	112
Table 177 – List of used data types	113
Table 178 – Overview on object in RPDO	113
Table 179 – Overview on object in TPDO.....	113
Table 180 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	114
Table 181 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	114
Table 182 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	115
Table 183 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	115
Table 184 – List of used data types	116
Table 185 – Overview on RPDO	117
Table 186 – Overview on TPDO.....	117
Table 187 – Management object base.....	118
Table 188 – Definition of Type 14 FRT link object	125
Table 189 – Encoding of FRTRead request parameters	128
Table 190 – Encoding of FRTRead positive response parameters.....	128
Table 191 – Encoding of FRTRead negative response parameters	129
Table 192 – Encoding of FRTWrite request parameters	129
Table 193 – Encoding of FRTWrite positive response parameters.....	129
Table 194 – Encoding of FRTWrite negative response parameters	129
Table 195 – Encoding of EventReport parameters	131
Table 196 – Format of EventReport service for alarm	131
Table 197 – Encoding of EventReportAcknowledge parameters	131
Table 198 – Format of EventReportAcknowledge service for alarm	131
Table 199 – Event object assignment.....	132
Table 200 – Example of Event object header	132
Table 201 – Example of Event object.....	132
Table 202 – List of used data types	133
Table 203 – Additional information field for generic PDO mapping	134
Table 204 – List of used data types	135
Table 205 – Overview on objects in RPDO.....	136
Table 206 – Overview on objects in TPDO	136
Table 207 – Object description of communication parameters.....	136
Table 208 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	137
Table 209 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	137
Table 210 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	138
Table 211 – Object description of communication parameters.....	139
Table 212 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	140
Table 213 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	140

Table 214 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	141
Table 215 – Overview on objects in RPDO.....	142
Table 216 – Overview on objects in TPDO.....	142
Table 217 – Object description of communication parameters.....	142
Table 218 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	143
Table 219 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	143
Table 220 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	144
Table 221 – Object description of communication parameters.....	144
Table 222 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	145
Table 223 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	145
Table 224 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	146
Table 225 – Overview on objects in RPDO.....	146
Table 226 – Overview on objects in TPDO.....	147
Table 227 – Object description of communication parameters.....	147
Table 228 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	147
Table 229 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	148
Table 230 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	148
Table 231 – Object description of communication parameters.....	149
Table 232 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	149
Table 233 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	149
Table 234 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	150
Table 235 – Overview on objects in RPDO.....	150
Table 236 – Overview on objects in TPDO.....	151
Table 237 – Object description of communication parameters.....	151
Table 238 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	151
Table 239 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	152
Table 240 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	152
Table 241 – Object description of communication parameters.....	153
Table 242 – Entry description of communication parameters.....	153
Table 243 – Object description of mapping parameters.....	153
Table 244 – Entry description of mapping parameters.....	154

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ADJUSTABLE SPEED ELECTRICAL POWER DRIVE SYSTEMS –

Part 7-301: Generic interface and use of profiles for power drive systems – Mapping of profile type 1 to network technologies

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This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- Additional mappings to communication systems are included (see Clause 6 and Clause 7).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
22G/311/FDIS	22G/326/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61800 series, under the general title *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems*, can be found on the IEC website.

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INTRODUCTION

The IEC 61800 series is intended to provide a common set of specifications for adjustable speed electrical power drive systems.

IEC 61800-7 specifies profiles for power drive systems (PDS) and their mapping to existing communication systems by use of a generic interface model.

IEC 61800-7 describes a generic interface between control systems and power drive systems. This interface can be embedded in the control system. The control system itself can also be located in the drive (sometimes known as "smart drive" or "intelligent drive").

A variety of physical interfaces is available (analogue and digital inputs and outputs, serial and parallel interfaces, fieldbuses and networks). Profiles based on specific physical interfaces are already defined for some application areas (e.g. motion control) and some device classes (e.g. standard drives, positioner). The implementations of the associated drivers and application programming interface are proprietary and vary widely.

IEC 61800-7 defines a set of common drive control functions, parameters, and state machines or description of sequences of operation to be mapped to the drive profiles.

IEC 61800-7 provides a way to access functions and data of a drive that is independent of the used drive profile and communication interface. The objective is a common drive model with generic functions and objects suitable to be mapped on different communication interfaces. This makes it possible to provide common implementations of motion control (or velocity control or drive control applications) in controllers without any specific knowledge of the drive implementation.

There are several reasons to define a generic interface:

For a drive device manufacturer

- less effort to support system integrators;
- less effort to describe drive functions because of common terminology;
- the selection of drives does not depend on availability of specific support;

For a control device manufacturer

- no influence of bus technology;
- easy device integration;
- independent of a drive supplier;

For a system integrator

- less integration effort for devices;
- only one understandable way of modeling;
- independent of bus technology.

Much effort is needed to design a motion control application with several different drives and a specific control system. The tasks to implement the system software and to understand the functional description of the individual components may exhaust the project resources. In some cases, the drives do not share the same physical interface. Some control devices just support a single interface, which will not be supported by a specific drive. On the other hand, the functions and data structures are often specified with incompatibilities. This requires the system integrator to write special interfaces for the application software and this should not be his responsibility.

Some applications need device exchangeability or integration of new devices in an existing configuration. They are faced with different incompatible solutions. The efforts to adapt a solution to a drive profile and to manufacturer-specific extensions may be unacceptable. This will reduce the degree of freedom to select a device best suited for this application to the selection of the unit, which will be available for a specific physical interface and supported by the controller.

IEC 61800-7-1 is divided into a generic part and several annexes as shown in Figure 1. The drive profile types for CiA® 402¹, CIP Motion™², PROFIdrive³ and SERCOS®⁴ are mapped to the generic interface in the corresponding annex. The annexes have been submitted by open international network or fieldbus organizations, which are responsible for the content of the related annex and use of the related trade marks.

The different profile types 1, 2, 3, 4 are specified in IEC 61800-7-201, IEC 61800-7-202, IEC 61800-7-203 and IEC 61800-7-204.

This part of IEC 61800-7 specifies how the profile type 1 (CiA® 402) is mapped to the network technologies CANopen®⁵, CC-Link IE® Field Network⁶, EPA™⁷, EtherCAT®⁸ and Ethernet Powerlink™⁹.

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² CIP Motion™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark CIP Motion™. Use of the trade mark CIP Motion™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

³ PROFIdrive is a trade name of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade name holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade name PROFIdrive. Use of the trade name PROFIdrive requires permission of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.

⁴ SERCOS® is a registered trade mark of SERCOS International e.V. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark SERCOS®. Use of the registered trade mark SERCOS® requires permission of the trade mark holder.

⁵ CANopen® is a registered trade mark of CAN in Automation e.V. (CiA). This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark CANopen®. CANopen® is an acronym for Controller Area Network *open* and is used to refer to EN 50325-4. Use of the registered trade mark CANopen® requires permission of CAN in Automation e.V. (CiA).

⁶ CC-Link IE® Field Network is a registered trade mark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark CC-Link IE® Field Network. Use of the registered trade mark CC-Link IE® Field Network requires permission of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation.

⁷ EPA™ is a trade mark of SUPCON Group Co. Ltd. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark EPA™. Use of the trade mark EPA™ requires permission of the trade mark holder.

⁸ EtherCAT® is a registered trade mark of Beckhoff, Verl. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the registered trade mark EtherCAT®. Use of the registered trade mark requires permission of the trade mark holder.

⁹ Ethernet Powerlink™ is a trade mark of Bernecker & Rainer Industrieelektronik Ges.m.b.H., control of trade mark is given to the non profit organization EPSG. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark Ethernet Powerlink™. Use of the trade mark requires permission of the trade mark holder.

IEC 61800-7-302, IEC 61800-7-303 and IEC 61800-7-304 specify how the profile types 2, 3 and 4 are mapped to different network technologies (such as EtherCAT®, DeviceNet™¹⁰, ControlNet™¹¹, EtherNet/IP™¹², PROFIBUS¹³, PROFINET¹⁴ and SERCOS®).

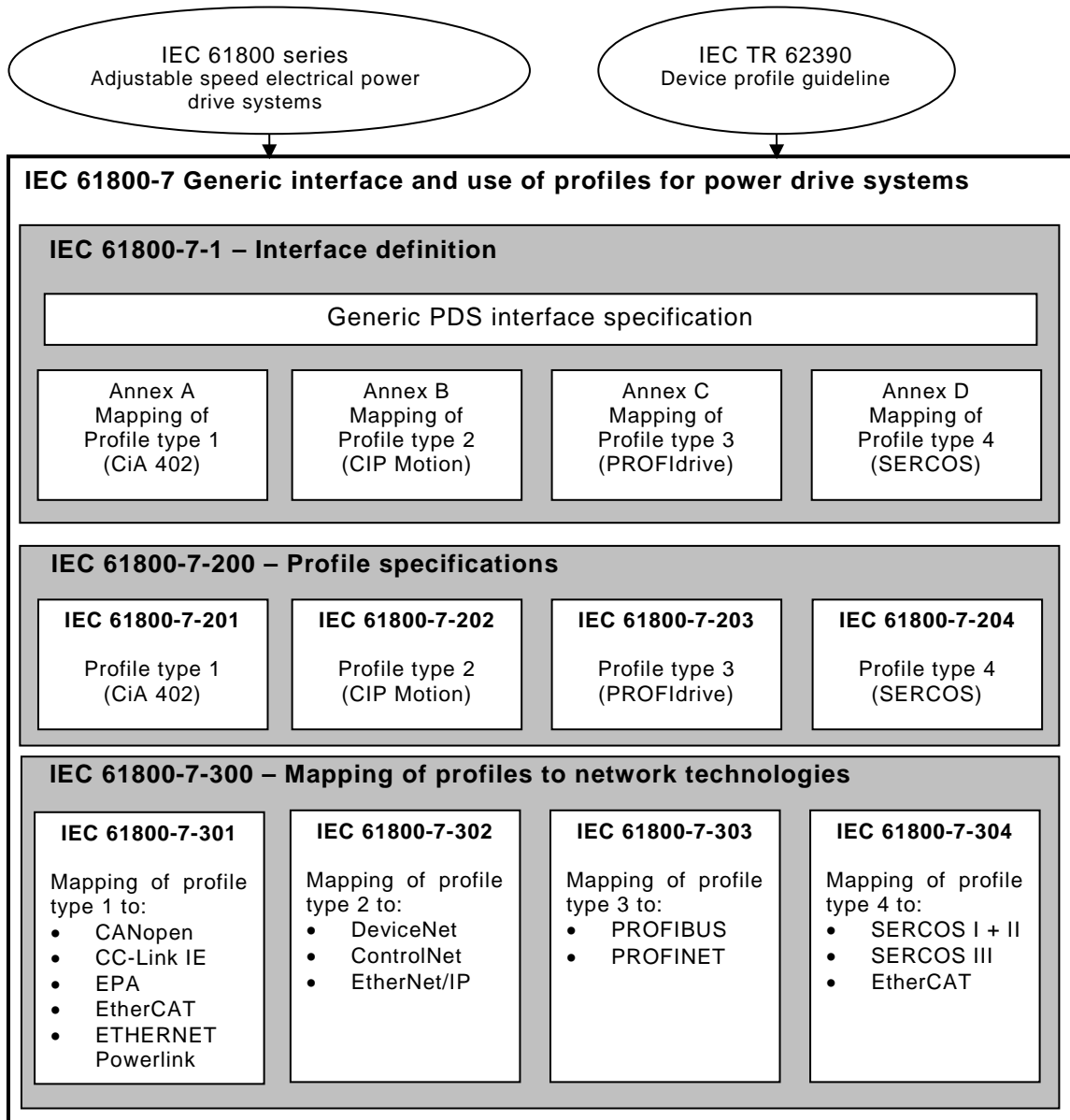
¹⁰ DeviceNet™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark DeviceNet™. Use of the trade mark DeviceNet™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

¹¹ ControlNet™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark ControlNet™. Use of the trade mark ControlNet™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

¹² EtherNet/IP™ is a trade mark of ODVA, Inc. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade mark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade mark EtherNet/IP™. Use of the trade mark EtherNet/IP™ requires permission of ODVA, Inc.

¹³ PROFIBUS is a trade name of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade name holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade name PROFIBUS. Use of the trade name PROFIBUS requires permission of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.

¹⁴ PROFINET is a trade name of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trade name holder or any of its products. Compliance to this profile does not require use of the trade name PROFINET. Use of the trade name PROFINET requires permission of PROFIBUS & PROFINET International.



IEC

Figure 1 – Structure of IEC 61800-7

ADJUSTABLE SPEED ELECTRICAL POWER DRIVE SYSTEMS –

Part 7-301: Generic interface and use of profiles for power drive systems – Mapping of profile type 1 to network technologies

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61800 specifies the mapping of the profile type 1 (CiA 402) specified in IEC 61800-7-201 onto different network technologies.

The functions specified in this part of IEC 61800-7 are not intended to ensure functional safety. This requires additional measures according to the relevant standards, agreements and laws.

- CANopen, see Clause 5;
- CC-Link IE Field, see Clause 6;
- EPA, see Clause 7;
- EtherCAT, see Clause 8;
- ETHERNET Powerlink, see Clause 9;

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61158-4-14, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 4-14: Data-link layer protocol specification – Type 14 elements*

IEC 61158-5-12, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-12: Application layer service definition – Type 12 elements*

IEC 61158-5-13, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-13: Application layer service definition – Type 13 elements*

IEC 61158-5-14, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-14: Application layer service definition – Type 14 elements*

IEC 61158-5-23, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 5-23: Application layer service definition – Type 23 elements*

IEC 61158-6-12, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-12: Application layer protocol specification – Type 12 elements*

IEC 61158-6-13, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specifications – Part 6-13: Application layer protocol specification – Type 13 elements*

IEC 61158-6-14, *Industrial communication networks – Fieldbus specification – Part 6-14: Application layer protocol specification – Type 14 elements*