

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security –
Part 9: Cyber security key management for power system equipment**



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Part 9: Cyber security key management for power system equipment**

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**POWER SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT AND
ASSOCIATED INFORMATION EXCHANGE –
DATA AND COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY –**

Part 9: Cyber security key management for power system equipment

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Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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POWER SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED INFORMATION EXCHANGE – DATA AND COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY –

Part 9: Cyber security key management for power system equipment

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62351 specifies cryptographic key management, namely how to generate, distribute, revoke, and handle public-key certificates and cryptographic keys to protect digital data and its communication. Included in the scope is the handling of asymmetric keys (e.g. private keys and public-key certificates), as well as symmetric keys for groups (GDOI).

This part of IEC 62351 assumes that other standards have already chosen the type of keys and cryptography that will be utilized, since the cryptography algorithms and key materials chosen will be typically mandated by an organization's own local security policies and by the need to be compliant with other international standards. This document therefore specifies only the management techniques for these selected key and cryptography infrastructures. The objective is to define requirements and technologies to achieve interoperability of key management.

The purpose of this part of IEC 62351 is to guarantee interoperability among different vendors by specifying or limiting key management options to be used. This document assumes that the reader understands cryptography and PKI principles.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC TS 62351-2, *Power systems management and associated information exchange – Data and communications security – Part 2: Glossary of terms*

ISO/IEC 9594-8:2017 | Rec. ITU-T X.509 (2016), *Information technology – Open systems interconnection – The Directory: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks*

ISO/IEC 9834-1:2012 | Rec. ITU-T X.660 (2011), *Information technology – Procedures for the operation of object identifier registration authorities: General procedures and top arcs of the international object identifier tree*

SCEP IETF Draft, *Simple Certificate Enrolment Protocol, draft-gutmann-scep-04.txt*

RFC 5246, *The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2*

RFC 5272, *Certificate Management over CMS (CMC)*

RFC 5934, *Trust Anchor Management Protocol (TAMP)*

RFC 6407, *The Group Domain of Interpretation*