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spectrophotometric analysis**

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In the event of any doubts arising as to the contents,  
the original JIS is to be the final authority.

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## Contents

		Page
1	Scope .....	1
2	Normative references .....	1
3	Terms and definitions .....	1
4	Apparatus .....	2
4.1	General .....	2
4.2	Infrared spectrophotometer .....	4
4.3	Accessories .....	9
4.4	Additional functions .....	17
5	Sample preparation .....	21
5.1	Notes .....	21
5.2	Solid samples .....	21
5.3	Powder samples .....	23
5.4	Liquid samples .....	23
5.5	Gaseous samples .....	24
6	Operation procedures .....	24
6.1	Installation of apparatus .....	24
6.2	Measurement procedures .....	25
6.3	Correction and inspection methods of spectrophotometer .....	26
7	Qualitative analysis .....	27
7.1	Method based on analysis of absorption spectrum .....	28
7.2	Method based on comparison with the spectrum of known compound .....	28
8	Quantitative analysis .....	29
8.1	Determination method .....	29
8.2	Expression of determination values .....	31
9	Guarantee of quality of data .....	31
9.1	General .....	31
9.2	Checks on apparatus .....	31
9.3	Performance validation of apparatus .....	31
9.4	Optimum method of sample preparation .....	32
9.5	Quality control of data obtained in quantitative analysis .....	32
10	Safety and maintenance .....	33
10.1	Safety .....	33
10.2	Maintenance .....	34
11	Record of measurement details .....	34

12	Matters to be included in individual standards .....	34
12.1	Qualitative analysis .....	34
12.2	Quantitative analysis.....	35

## Foreword

This translation has been made based on the original Japanese Industrial Standard revised by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry through deliberations at the Japanese Industrial Standards Committee as the result of proposal for revision of Japanese Industrial Standard submitted by Japan Analytical Instruments Manufacturers' Association (JAIMA)/Japanese Standards Association (JSA) with the draft being attached, based on the provision of Article 12 Clause 1 of the Industrial Standardization Law applicable to the case of revision by the provision of Article 14.

Consequently **JIS K 0117:2000** is replaced with this Standard.

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# General rules for infrared spectrophotometric analysis

## 1 Scope

This Japanese Industrial Standard specifies the general rules applicable to the qualitative analysis and quantitative analysis of inorganic and organic substances using infrared spectrophotometer<sup>1)</sup>.

Note<sup>1)</sup> In a broad definition, the term “infrared rays” means electromagnetic waves having wavelength between visible ray and microwaves. In this Standard, however, it is treated as rays in the wavenumber range of 4 000 cm<sup>-1</sup> to 400 cm<sup>-1</sup> (wavelengths 2.5 μm to 25 μm).

## 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Standard. The most recent editions of the standards (including amendments) indicated below shall be applied.

JIS K 0050 *General rules for chemical analysis*

JIS K 0211 *Technical terms for analytical chemistry (General part)*

JIS K 0212 *Technical terms for analytical chemistry (optical part)*

JIS K 0215 *Technical terms for analytical chemistry (Analytical instrument part)*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this Standard, the terms and definitions given in **JIS K 0211**, **JIS K 0212** and **JIS K 0215**, and the following apply.

### 3.1 interferogram

diagram expressing the signals sent from Michelson interferometer, obtained by plotting the optical path difference of light on abscissa and the light intensity on ordinate

### 3.2 apodization

mathematical operation to overlap the adequate function on interferogram, in order to reduce the spectrum distortion caused by the finite scanning distance of interferometer

### 3.3 absorbance

numerical value<sup>2)</sup> expressed by the common logarithm of the ratio between the intensity ( $I_0$ ) of the incident light directed at a sample and the intensity ( $I$ ) of the light transmitted through it

Note<sup>2)</sup> Absorbance (Abs) is expressed as follows.

$$\text{Absorbance (Abs)} = -\log_{10}(I/I_0)$$