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**Semiconductor devices – Micro-electromechanical devices –
Part 37: Environmental test methods of MEMS piezoelectric thin films for sensor
application**

**Dispositifs à semiconducteurs – Dispositifs microélectromécaniques –
Partie 37: Méthodes d'essai d'environnement des couches minces
piézoélectriques MEMS pour les applications de type capteur**



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IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembe
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES –
MICRO-ELECTROMECHANICAL DEVICES –**
**Part 37: Environmental test methods of MEMS
piezoelectric thin films for sensor application**

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The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
47F/355/FDIS	47F/357/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62047 series, published under the general title *Semiconductor devices – Micro-electromechanical devices*, can be found on the IEC website.

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INTRODUCTION

Piezoelectric MEMS technology belongs to an interdisciplinary field founded on a wide range of element technologies including piezoelectric thin film materials, thin film deposition and microfabrication processes, device design, and system formulation. Along with the increased sophistication of MEMS functionality, research on MEMS applications for piezoelectric thin films, such as $\text{Pb}(\text{Zr,Ti})\text{O}_3$ (PZT) or AlN, has become increasingly popular in recent years. MEMS piezoelectric thin films have the capability of configuring simple compact devices that have a lower power consumption, higher sensitivity, and quicker response than conventional bulk-type, electrostatic, or electromagnetic thin films. However, their device performance is greatly affected by the properties of the thin film materials.

Several test methods for thin film materials have been established to date. Among these, the overriding property that determines device performance is the material's piezoelectric property. Standardization of IEC 62047-30 (*Semiconductor devices – Micro-electromechanical devices – Part 30: Measurement methods of electro-mechanical conversion characteristics of MEMS piezoelectric thin film*) has been promoted for the purpose of precisely measuring and evaluating MEMS piezoelectric thin films using simply structured test pieces and inexpensive equipment.

In order to realize a viable MEMS piezoelectric thin film, it is essential to gain a clear understanding of how its piezoelectric properties change as a result of the environmental stress of temperature and humidity, and degradation in the piezoelectric material over time at its surfaces and interfaces.

The following summarizes the features of this standard.

- The degree of degradation in a device under test (DUT) is evaluated by measuring the piezoelectric properties of the DUT before and after applying the environmental stress of temperature and humidity using the measurement methods in IEC 62047-30.
- Test conditions for moist heat and dielectric withstand tests are derived from existing standards for semiconductor devices and fixed capacitors of ceramic dielectric.

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MICRO-ELECTROMECHANICAL DEVICES –

Part 37: Environmental test methods of MEMS piezoelectric thin films for sensor application

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62047 specifies test methods for evaluating the durability of MEMS piezoelectric thin film materials under the environmental stress of temperature and humidity and under mechanical stress and strain, and test conditions for appropriate quality assessment. Specifically, this document specifies test methods and test conditions for measuring the durability of a DUT under temperature and humidity conditions and applied voltages. It further applies to evaluations of direct piezoelectric properties in piezoelectric thin films formed primarily on silicon substrates, i.e. piezoelectric thin films used as acoustic sensors, or as cantilever-type sensors.

This document does not cover reliability assessments, such as methods of predicting the lifetime of a piezoelectric thin film based on a Weibull distribution.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62047-30, *Semiconductor devices – Micro-electromechanical devices – Part 30: Measurement methods of electro-mechanical conversion characteristics of MEMS piezoelectric thin film*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Testing procedure

4.1 General

The degree of degradation in a device under test (DUT) is evaluated by measuring the piezoelectric properties of the DUT before and after applying the environmental stress of temperature and humidity. Figure 1 shows the general flow of the testing procedure.