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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**High-voltage switchgear and controlgear –
Part 37-082: Standard practice for the measurement of sound pressure levels on
alternating current circuit-breakers**





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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
1 Scope.....	6
2 Terms and definitions	6
3 Acoustical environment	9
3.1 Ambient noise	9
3.2 Wind conditions.....	9
3.3 Air condition	9
3.4 Local topography.....	9
4 Instrumentation	10
4.1 Sound level meter	10
4.1.1 General	10
4.1.2 Preferred sound level meter.....	10
4.1.3 Peak and time average.....	10
4.2 Calibration capability.....	10
4.3 Supplemental instrumentation	10
5 Type test methods	10
5.1 General test requirements	10
5.1.1 General	10
5.1.2 Sound pressure level measurements	10
5.1.3 No load conditions	11
5.1.4 Impulse noise measurement	11
5.1.5 Location of microphone	11
5.1.6 Orientation of microphone	11
5.2 Near-field measurements	11
5.2.1 Type of noise measurements.....	11
5.2.2 Near field measurement with fully opened doors.....	12
5.2.3 Near field measurement with fully closed doors	12
5.3 Far-field measurements.....	12
5.3.1 Type of noise measurements.....	12
5.3.2 Far field measurement.....	13
5.3.3 Equivalent data	14
5.4 Data	14
5.4.1 General	14
5.4.2 Circuit-breaker being tested.....	14
5.4.3 Environment	15
5.4.4 Instrumentation.....	15
5.4.5 Acoustical data	15
5.4.6 Miscellaneous.....	15
5.5 Report.....	15
5.5.1 Completeness of the report.....	15
5.5.2 Conversion	15
6 Field test methods	17
6.1 General	17
6.2 Wind conditions.....	17
6.3 Circuit-breaker operating conditions	17
6.3.1 Operating conditions.....	17

- 6.3.2 Specific conditions..... 17
- 6.3.3 Measurements..... 17
- 6.4 Microphone locations 17
- 7 Measurements to be taken 18
 - 7.1 Limitation of the measurement 18
 - 7.2 Measurement of impulsive noise..... 18
 - 7.3 Data and report 18
- Bibliography..... 19

- Figure 1 – Location of measurement points with respect to the reference
parallelepiped for near field measurements..... 12
- Figure 2 – Location of measurement points with respect to circuit-breaker outline for
far field measurements 14
- Figure 3 – Measurement of sound pressure levels of a.c. circuit-breakers – Record
form..... 16

- Table 1 – Wind conditions for sound measurements9

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 37-082: Standard practice for the measurement of sound pressure levels on alternating current circuit-breakers

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International Standard IEC/IEEE 62271-37-082 has been prepared by subcommittee 17A: High-voltage switchgear and controlgear, of IEC technical committee 17: Switchgear and controlgear, in cooperation with the Switchgear Committee of the IEEE Power & Energy Society¹, under the IEC/IEEE Dual Logo Agreement between IEC and IEEE.

This publication is published as an IEC/IEEE Dual Logo standard.

The text of this standard is based on the following IEC documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
17A/1014/FDIS	17A/1023/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

International standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62271 series can be found, under the general title *High-voltage switchgear and controlgear*, on the IEC website.

The IEC Technical Committee and IEEE Technical Committee have decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

The contents of the corrigendum of January 2014 have been included in this copy.

¹ A list of IEEE participants can be found at the following URL:
http://standards.ieee.org/downloads/62271-37-082/62271-37-082-2012/62271-37-082_wg-participants.pdf

HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR –

Part 37-082: Standard practice for the measurement of sound pressure levels on alternating current circuit-breakers

1 Scope

This part of International Standard 62271 provides methods for the measurement of sound pressure level produced by outdoor alternating current circuit-breakers in a free-field environment. These methods may also be used indoors or in restricted field, provided that precautions are observed in the measurement and interpretation of the results.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1

A-weighted sound level

sound level as measured on a sound level meter using a setting that emphasizes the middle frequency components similar to the frequency response of the human ear at levels typical of rural backgrounds in mid frequencies

2.2

ambient noise

all noises that exist in an area that are not related to a facility or equipment under consideration

Note 1 to entry: Ambient noise includes sound from other industrial noise, transportation sources, animals, and nature, etc.

2.3

ambient sound level

ASL

sound level that is a composite of different airborne sounds from many sources far away from and near the point of measurement

Note 1 to entry: The ASL does not include any sound from the facility or equipment under consideration and is measured without it.

Note 2 to entry: The ASL is measured under representative conditions.

Note 3 to entry: As with comprehensive sound levels, representative conditions do not constitute absolute worst-case conditions but conditions that portray typical conditions for the area

2.4

bands

octave

1/3 octave

series of electronic filters separate sound into discrete frequency bands, making it possible to know how sound energy is distributed as a function of frequency

Note 1 to entry: Each octave band has a centre frequency that is double the centre frequency of the octave band preceding it. The 1/3 octave band analysis provides a finer breakdown of sound distribution as a function of frequency.